



May 17, 2023

Senator Rebecca Rausch, Chair  
Representative Daniel Cahill, Chair  
Joint Committee on Environment and Natural Resources  
State House, Boston, MA 02133

*RE: Support for S.557/H.876, An Act to create a commission to determine the feasibility of voluntary acquisition of flood risk properties and structures, and S.559, An Act establishing a Massachusetts flood risk protection program*

Dear Chair Rausch, Chair Cahill, and members of the Joint Committee on Environment and Natural Resources:

Our organizations strongly support passage of S.557/H.876, An Act to create a commission to determine the feasibility of voluntary acquisition of flood risk properties and structures, and S.559, An Act establishing a Massachusetts flood risk protection program.

Climate change is causing sea level rise and more frequent rainfall and intense storms. By 2050, nearly 50,000 Massachusetts homes will face a substantial risk of structural damage from flooding resulting in at least \$300 million in financial losses every year. Adapting to the negative impacts of climate change depends on our willingness to proactively plan, invest, and act as a Commonwealth to reduce loss of life and property damage and protect natural resources by addressing the increasing flood risks today and into the future.

Engineered flood protection methods such as seawalls, levees, deployable flood walls and dunes are not always the most feasible or cost-effective investments for mitigating severe and repetitive flood losses caused by overflowing rivers, coastal flooding, storm surge, and sea level rise. Instead, communities are increasingly looking for a more permanent solution to alleviate flood risks. A key community resilience

tool is property buyouts. Buyouts are a proven, sustainable climate adaptation strategy involving tenants and interested property owners who are voluntarily looking to relocate to safer ground. When done right, buyouts can promote equitable outcomes, while playing a critical role in flood mitigation efforts. Buyouts are just one flood preparedness strategy among many – others include resilient and flood resistant building code standards, municipal land use ordinances, and zoning reforms. Yet pre-disaster buyouts stand out among these options because they permanently prevent future property damage, eliminate uninsured losses, keep residents and first responders safe, protect neighborhoods, and are more affordable than post-disaster relief.

Well-planned, pre-disaster buyouts that include community involvement and relocation support are often the only solution available for low-income homeowners and renters. Some homeowners lack flood insurance or could experience double-digit increases to flood insurance premiums. Many other homeowners cannot afford to retreat, rehabilitate, or rebuild when extreme weather damages or destroys property. After a disaster, residents, first responders, and community leaders can be overwhelmed, under-resourced and even traumatized. In addition, municipal property tax revenues may decline after a natural disaster, and it could take several years to recover. Lower income residents may be part of a mass exodus and experience loss of their home, employment, and income, as well as access to their doctors, childcare providers, and schools. Fortunately, a well-established and economically and socially equitable pre-disaster buyout program in Massachusetts can be designed to eliminate these and other social costs.

Buyout projects are relatively affordable when compared to the long-term costs associated with rebuilding, and public expenses to repair infrastructure. They are a one-time investment to acquire property at fair market value (pre-damage) and help willing property owners and renters to voluntarily relocate to a safer location. These projects can provide community and public benefits when coastal zones and floodplains are ecologically restored to pre-development conditions and designed as nature-based solutions to buffer communities from climate impacts. Conserved natural areas provide critical ecosystem services, such as drinking water supply protection and habitat conservation, as well as new parks, trails and beaches that provide outdoor recreational opportunities.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)'s Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) program supports buyout projects by offering communities pre-disaster hazard mitigation funds. However, BRIC funds are insufficient to address the mounting risks nationwide. For example, in FY23, Congress allocated just \$233 million for BRIC to cover the entire nation. Post-disaster FEMA and other federal programs are often inequitably applied, and no federal emergency relief programs prioritize Environmental Justice communities. Also, nonprofit land trusts and conservation organizations - important project partners - are not permitted to apply directly for FEMA funds. And the FEMA process is slow, limited, and difficult to access; it often takes up to a decade to complete one FEMA project.

Some state and local governments have created pre-disaster buyout programs to address local problems that federal agencies cannot fix including in North Carolina and New Jersey. While Massachusetts lawmakers authorized \$50 million for a "coastal buyback" program in the 2014 and 2018 Environment and Climate Bond bills and created a Climate Adaptation Management Plan and Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness 2.0 program, state funds have not yet been invested in property buyouts, and a comprehensive pre-disaster property buyout program does not yet exist in Massachusetts.

Representative Sarah Peake and Senator Marc Pacheco are leading the effort to address this problem. As the chief sponsors of *An Act to create a commission to determine the feasibility of voluntary acquisition of flood risk properties and structures*, Senator Pacheco and Representative Peake are requesting that a new, temporary commission will bring together expert stakeholders to assess the advantages and disadvantages

of voluntary acquisition of flood risk properties and structures across the Commonwealth, examine the feasibility of such a program, and identify its components. The state climate chief, secretary of energy and environmental affairs, and the director of the state emergency management agency would jointly implement and oversee the commission's work. Senator Pacheco is also the chief sponsor of the Massachusetts Flood Risk Protection Program legislation that would require the creation of a new statewide voluntary property buyout program upon passage.

The goal of these bills is to eliminate the increasing risk of catastrophic flood damage to individuals, families, and first responders, and to help property owners and renters to move out of harm's way, while permanently conserving and restoring lands and waters to restore habitat and climate resiliency functions and provide outdoor recreational opportunities for the public. We respectfully request that you give a favorable report to S.557/H.876 and S.559.

If you have questions, please contact Linda Orel at [lorel@thetrustees.org](mailto:lorel@thetrustees.org) or 617-360-1857. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

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